SCHLATTER'S DAILY LIFE

THE HEALER AS HIS LONG ISL-AND NEIGHBORS SAW HIM.

Fireman on a Fishing Steamer and Skilful Shoemaker - Used to Study Till Late Hours in the Night-"A Little Queer"-Bandkerchiefs Sent to His Old James. port Priends Haven't Worked Cores,

The following appears in the Brooklyn Engle under date of Jamesport, L. I., Nov. 19: Francls Schlatter, the healer, is well known in Jamesport. The residents here now talk of little else save their townsman. They say be s rather a good fellow, but a little queer, and seem amused at the story of the shoemaker's cures. The village is much expited over the

At Jamesport some interesting facts were learned by an Eagle reporter who visited the village this morning. Whatever may be true of the cures of the healer in the West, his prescriptions do not work on his Jamesport friends, who have communicated with Schlatter in Denver. The reporter interviewed a number of people, and on the promise of their names being withheld, was told how they had received handkerchiefs and other articles from Schlatter with directions how to become new in health and body. The good folks tried his cures with all the faith imaginable, but their ailments did not disappear. Some of Schlatter's friends here say he is "off," while many residents say he never was quite right in head. He never showed any particular preference as regards religious faith. He was brought up a Catholic, so he told his friends. He had been known to walk to the Catholic church at Riverhead, a distance of six miles. He occasionally went to the village churches, Congregational and Methodist, but Schlatter was not a regular churchgoer. He came to Jamesport in 1890 with William Ryan, elder son of Thomas Ryan. Ryan was an engineer

Jamesport in 1890 with William Ryan, elder sen of Thomas Ryan. Ryan was an engineer and Schlatter had been employed as his fireman on a fishing steamer. Schlatter boarded with the Ryan family. He went Jishing for two seasons. Then he tired of the work and settled dimself at his trade. He hired half of the house of Aunt Sally Corwins and began making shoes. He kept house for himself then. He was well up in his trade and acted as finisher of fine hand-made shoes, the parts of which were sent him from New York. Everybody agrees that Schlatter was the finest shoemaker they ever saw, and he made good wages.

Schlatter, while at Jamesport, is described as a tail, robust fellow of dark complexion. He did not wear whiskers, but had a becoming black moustache. He was apparently between 35 and 40 years of age. He came to Long Island from New York city and little of his family record is known. Dantel A. Young, Justlee of the Peace at South Jamesport, says Schlatter was a triffe insane, but always firm in his convictions. Mr. Young says that Schlatter was always a great Republican until 1892, when he suddenly changed and became a Socialist. He believed that the Socialist Labor party would win that year. During the latter part of his stay Schlatter told his friends of his strange dreams, when beautiful images appeared before his eyes.

Schlatter, when he came to Jamesport, had some money. His hobby for a long time was silver mines and the West, where he said he intended to make his future home. At the Ryan homestead they spoke well of the healer. He was a great student. Every right until a late hour the light in his room was burning, and Schlatter sat there studying something.

Schlatter boarded for a year with Mrs. S. Bartlett. Mrs. Bartlett says he was an excellent boarder. Her son Denis says he soldom, if ever, went out of the house of an evening. He noticed nothing strange about Schlatter, he and.

schlatter invested his money in speculating Schlatter invested his money in special on a Western silver mine company. He went away from Jamesport in 1893 to take charge of his mining stock and to make his fortune, as he said. These hopes were blasted when Schlatter reached New Mexico, and the Jamesport people believe that it was this great disappointment that affected his mind and made

HANNIGAN TRIAL NEARLY ENDED. The Case Will Probably Go to the Jur-

The evidence in the trial of David F. Hannigan for the murder of Solomon H. Mann, his sister's alleged betrayer, was concluded before Justice Ingraham, in the Oyer and Terminer, yesterday afternoon. Lawyer Brooke made a long argument on a motion to dismiss the indictment on the ground that the defendant was insane and that the evidence of the prosecution was insufficient to show that Hannigan was responsible for the charge of murder in the first degree. Justice Ingraham said, in denying the motion, that there was nothing in the evidence that would justify him in ordering the jury to find the defendant irresponsible for the killing. The jury were bound to judge the acts of the de fendant for themselves, and in considering the testimony they were not to take the opinions of the experts as proof. They were to judge of

of the experts as proof. They were to judge of Hannigan's insanity from the facts and take the expert opinions for what they were worth.

The trial began yesterday morning with the testimony of Dr. Henry E. Allison, Superintendent of the Asylum for the Criminal Insane at Matteawan. He gave it as his opinion that Haunigan was sane. The witness admitted that it was possible for three medical experts to examine a melancholic patient and for each to make a different diagnosis of the case.

Dr. Robert Safford Newton was next called in rebuttal by the prosecution. He believed that liannigan was sane when he saw him four days after the shooting. Under cross-examination by Dr. O'Sullivan the witness admitted that he made no physical examination of Hannigan, and it was possible that the defendant might have had ballucinations.

by Dr. O'Sullivan the witness admitted that he made no physical examination of Hannigan, and it was possible that the defendant might have had haliuchations.

Dr. O'Sullivan made a disparaging remark about Dr. Newton's testimony which Justice Ingraham overheard. He rapped his gavel sharply and said that he would not have the court room turned into a beer garden. Lawyer Brooke understood the Justice to say blackguard and declared rather warmly that such an expression had never been applied to the defence in any case he was ever engaged in.

"I deem it proper for the Court to check improper talk in this trial, and if you never heard of such a thing before you hear it now," the Justice retorted.

Lawyer Brooke will sum up for the defence this morning and Assistant District Attorney Meintyre will sum up afterward for the prosecution, and Justice Ingraham said that the case would go to the jury to-night.

TROLLEY ACCIDENTS IN PATERSON. One May Result Fatally-The Identity of

the Victim Not Know PATERSON, Nov. 19.-Two trolley accidents occurred here within the same number of hours this evening. An unknown German was seriously if not fatally injured while attempting to drive across the tracks in front of a car on the Riverside route of the Paterson Railway Company. The man was thrown from his wagon in front of the car, and before it could be stopped the wheels passed over one of his legs. He was removed to the General Hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate the

where it was found necessary to amputate the injured limb. He was also badly out about the head. He is still unconscious, and his recovery is doubtful. There was nothing about the man's person to establish his identity.

Michael J. Riiey, a one-armed oil peddler, and Robert Parks, aged 14 years, both living at 007 Main street, were slightly injured in a collision with a troiley car of the Paterson Electric Railway Company at Main and Grand streets, Riiey and Parks were driving along Grand streets, and while crossing Main were struck by an east bound car which they did not notice before it was unon them. Both were thrown out, Rilay sustained several load cuts about the face and head and a dislocated shoulder. He was removed to the General Hospital. The loay walked to his home after having his injuries, which consisted of several bruises, attended to by a physician. by a physician.

TRAMPS WHO HIRE LODGINGS.

Twenty-three Caught in a Raid on Mrs. Twenty-three tramps, who were captured

about 12:30 A. M. yesterday in Capt. Favrier's raid on 54 York street, Jersey City, were arraigned in Police Justice Potts's court yesterday morning. The majority of them were young, strong, and healthy looking. The raid was made because tramps have been quite numerous in the city of late and burglaries and numerous in the city of late and burglaries and sneak robberles have been frequent. Capt. Pavrier learned on Monday evening that a rannslackle house in the rear of 34 York street was a resort for the gang. They hired rooms there cheap from Mrs. Burns, the owner of the property, and it frequently happened that there were between thirty and forty there at one time haddled up in two rooms.

The transps foraced in the afternoons and early part of the evenings. Some of them stole potatoes and vegetables from in front of grocery stores, others begged money, ostensibly for ferriage or car fare, and some of them in desperate cases held up people for what they could get. There was nobesty in court sesteriag to make any definite complaint and the prisoners were all remained until this morning.

GAYETY IN GARDEN CITY. Cottlion Given by the Ladies of the

The members of the Meadowbrook Hunt Club had a cross-country run yesterday afternoon and in the evening there was a dance in the new Garden City Hotel. At 3:35 P. M. the largest number of huntamen present in the saddle this year assembled at the Queens County Fair grounds. At 3:45 the Hempstead hounds were

Mrs. James L. Kernochan and Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, who have not missed a cross-cour try run this reason, were again in the saddle These ladies, together with Thomas Hitchcock Jr., and H. L. Herbert, were the first in at the

Jr., and H. L. Herbert, were the first in at the kill. The run was across a portion of the roughest hunting country in the neighborhood. Three of the riders get falls, but beyond slight bruises they were not injured.

After the kill the party returned to the Garden City Hotel for duner, and to attend the subscription dance and cottlion given by the ladies of the club. The hotel was handsomely trimmed with ferns, laurel, and large yellow chrysanthemums. A full orchestra was stationed behind large bower of ferns and balms. The patronesses at the cottlion were Mrs. J. E. Cowdin, Mrs. Dunean Elliott, Mrs. P. Cooper Hewitt, Mrs. C. F. Havemeyer, Mrs. Stanley Mertimer, Mrs. James L. Kernochan, Mrs. Adolph Ladenburg, Mrs. James L. Kernochan, Mrs. Charles Russell Hone, Mrs. Borden Harriman, Mrs. James M. Waterbury, Mrs. E. C. Potter, and Mrs. W. Butler Duncan, Jr.

The cotilion began at 846 octock and con-

Materbury, Mrs. E. C. Potter, and Mrs. W. Butler Duncan, Jr.

The cotillon began at 8½ o'clock and continued until 12, when the party adjourned to the drawing rooms and parlors, where supper was served. The german, which was commenced immediately upon the conclusion of suppor, was led by Mrs. P. Cooper Hewitt and Mr. James Lawrence Breeze, Dancing was continued until well into the morning. A special train left Long Island City at 4½ o'clock P. M., with a large party who attended the dance. The event, which was under the personal management of Mrs. Charles R. Hone, was very successful.

WAITRESS'S BLOOMERS MUST GO Her Employer Agrees to This on Being

Arrested Spectators Also Nabbed. So many complaints were made to the police about the crowds which were attracted by a waitress wearing bloomers in a Nassau street estaurant, that Acting Captain Thompson of he Oak street station applied at the Centre Street Police Court yesterday for a warrant for the proprietor's arrest. He had previously consulted Assistant Attorney Battle, who informed him that the man could be punished.

"Col." Nathan W. Fitzgerald was arrested later by Capt. Thompson and arraigned before Magistrate Kudlich. He announced that he had ordered the woman off the floor, and had abandoned the project of having "bloomered" waitresses. He readily signed an agreement to discontinue the practice, and was discharged. After Capt. Thompson had caused the arrest of Fitzgerald he sent policemen out to keep the sidewalk in front of the restaurant clear. Fitteen lollerers were arrested, but seven of them were discharged at the station house, having proved to Capt. Thompson's satisfaction that they had merely stopped because of the crowded state of the sidewalk. All but two of those held live in Brooklyn or Jersey City.

Just after dark the acting Captain saw in front of the restaurant William B. Van Houten of 388 Chauncey street, Brooklyn, who is a property owner in that town. When the acting Captain told him to move on, Mr. Van Houten asked for his authority and refused to go. The acting Captain produced his shioid, hurried Mr. Van Houten to the station house, and ordered him to be locked up.

All the prisoners will be arraigned in the Tombs Court this morning. ordered the woman off the floor, and had aban-

SOCIALISTS TO DESERT THE K. OF L.

At a Secret Conference of Socialist Knights

It In Decided to Go Out En Manne, At a secret meeting of representative Socialist Knights of Labor held yesterday at the East Side Labor Lyceum, 64 East Fourth street, it was decided that all the Socialist local assemblies of the Knights of Labor should quit the order en masse. The meeting was also attended by representatives of the Socialist Labor party in Newark, Jersey City, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, and Brooklyn, the United Hebrew Trades, and the Central Labor Federation. Ernest Boehm, Secretary of the federation, recorded. The men present represented over 70,000 wage workers in this State, the New

England States, and Pennsylvania. Of this number nearly 15,000 are Knights of Labor, of whom about 6,000 are residents of this city, Brooklyn, and Jersey City.

A set of resolutions couched in vigorous language was adopted, and Secretary Boehm was directed to send out a red-letter call to all sympathetic local assemblies and unions asking that representative delegations be sent to a meeting representative delegations be sent to a meeting which is to be held in this city on Sunday next to promote the secossion.

Over 6,000 Knights are expected to desert in this city. Brooklyn, Jersey City, and Newark, while from 9,000 to 10,000 more are expected to quit the ranks of the order in the other named cities and nearly places.

quit the ranks of the order in the other named cities and nearby places.

One of the resolutions directed the formation of a central organization of brewery employees for New York, Brooklyn, Newark, and neighboring localities. This resolution is a defiance of the General Executive Board and a challenge to the Knights of Labor National District of Brewery Employees, which claims jurisdiction over all brewery employees in the United States. over all browery employees in the United States, and has its head offices in St. Louis.

THIEF CAUGHT BY A WOMAN.

iss Gallagher Hung On to His Coat Talls Until a Policeman Came Along,

When Minnie Gallagher, 23 years old, a bookceper employed in the Universal Hotel, at 75 Clarkson street, was alone in the office on Monday afternoon, five men entered, and while one asked her questions another grabbed a coat from a rack in the hall. She screamed and the five men ran out into the street. She ran after the man with the coat, shouting, "Police!" and "Stop thief!" The thief ran up Clarkson street "Stop thief!" The thief ran up Clarkson street to Washington street, where his pursuer managed to reach his coat tails. The thief tried to shake the young woman off, but she hung on, still calling for assistance.

Policeman Jelis of the West Forty-seventh street station came along as the thief was trying to strike Miss Gallagher. He tackled him and he was knocked down. With the help of John Boyle, a building inspector, the thief was finally overcome and locked up.

In Jefferson Market Court yesterday he gave his name as John Stranahan. Miss Gallagher made a charge of petit larceny against him and he was held for trial. Stranahan is known to the police as a wagon thief.

GAS CAUSED THE EXPLOSION.

The Men Killed in the Williamsburgh Fire Were Hit by Fragments of the Flywheel, The fire in Pratt's Oil Works, Williamsburgh, which began with an explosion on Monday night in which two men were killed, was entirely extinguished by daylight yesterday. Superintendent Gifford said yesterday that, in his opinion, it was gas which exploded. He said the gas was generated in drying pans and found its way into the open air. The heavy atmosphere drove the generated gas down to the surface of the yard, where it exploded. Gifford added that the flames then communicated with the engine room and burned the belting controlling the governor on the engine. The governor being released, permitted the big flywheel to revolve with terrific velocity, and, in the superintendent's opinion, the wheel burst and the flying fragments of metal struck and killed the men.

men.
One of the pieces of the flywheel fell on the Coof of a gastank of the Williamsburgh Gaslight Works in North Eleventh street.



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Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

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FIVE BLUECOATS BOUNCED.

POLICE PROMOTIONS MAY BE ACTED ON FRIDAY.

Mre, Herreman's Charges Against Hasting and Fitzgerald Dismissed - Delinquent Policemen Fined - Patrolmen Transferred

At the meeting of the Police Board yester day the following patrolmen were dismissed from the force: James P. Ryan of Mulberry street, James P. Brady of East 104th street, William F. O'Neill of West Twentieth street, Thomas Donnelly of Old slip, and Frederick Goeizger of West Thirty-seventh street. The first three were charged with drunkenness. O'Neill since his trial has been transferred to East 126th street. Additional charges of being drunk on election day were made against him Saturday, and he resigned, The Commissioners declined to accept his resignation and dismissed bim.

Goetzger was tried two weeks ago on a complaint made by Acting Captain Kear. He was accused of failing to account for a sum of money which he took from the clothing of a dead man. The evidence in the case apparently showed that Goetzger searched the dead man and failed to deliver the money to the Sergeant.

Patrolman Francis Mallon of the West Forty seventh street station was fined fifteen days for improper patrolling. Patrolman Michael Mitchell of Delancey street was fined eight days for a similar charge. Patrolman Edward Doyle of Leonard street was fined ten days for the same offence. Patrolman Joseph C. Downey of West Forty-seventh street was fined ten days for smoking while on patrol.

The Commissioners dismissed the charges made by Mrs. Matilde Herreman, the Lexov witness and Capt. Eakins's accuser, against Patrolmen James Hastings and William Fitzgerald of the Mercer street squad. Mrs. Herreman had them on trial before the Commission ers in September. She said they had been per secuting her and entered her apartments and searched them without warrant of law. The policemen proved on trial that her charges had

secuting her and entered her apartments and searched them without warrant of law. The policemen proved on trial that her charges had no merit.

Patrolmen George Dennerlein of East Eighty-eighth street and Henry Drought of the steamboat squad were retired.

Patrolmen John T. Hoyle, James J. Cronin, John O. Regan, Alphonse Rheaume, Michael McDonough, Albert Mason, William J. Deevey, John J. Fogarty, Adolph Oppenheimer, George H. Dale, and Owen Beagen, who have been doing duty under Acting Captain O'Brien, were made detectives. Patrolman George McClusky of the West 152d street station was made acting roundsman. McClusky was formerly a Central Office detective, and for a long time was in oharge of the Detective Bureau. He was reduced in the big shake-up. McClusky is now in the line of promotion.

Acting Chief Conlin reported the following transfers: Patrolmen Daniel Linu, from West Forty-seventh street to Macdougal street; David W. Wilbur, West Thirtieth street to West Forty-seventh atreet; John S. Conway, Church street to West 15th Street; Jamuel B. Totten, East Fifty-first street to West Stry-seventh street; John S. Conway, Church street; John F. Tappin, West Thirtieth street to East Eighly-eighth street; Abraham Brunner, West Forty-seventh street; Bernard Finnegan, Delancey street to West 125th street; James F. Burns, Kingsbridge to West 125th street; James F. Burns, Kingsbridge to West 125th street; John S. Kincline, Fifth street to Grand Central Station: George P. Baker, Oak street to Centre Street Police Court: Patrick Crinnion, West Thirtieth street, and James F. Taggart, Old slip, to Centre Street Ourt.

After the regular meeting the Commissioners went into executive session, at which they had some talk on the subject of promotions. The new regulations to govern promotions will probably be before the Board next Friday. President Roosevelt said that Savern matters which have been hanging fire would probably be acted on at the next meeting. The question of having precinct detectives was not taken up.

It is u

LAFE PENCE OUT OF POLITICS.

That Is One of the Terms of the Contract He Mude with Ex-Congressman Haines. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- Lafe Pence of Colorado, who came into Congress on the Western free silver wave of 1892, and who went out on the Republican tidal wave of 1894, is in Washington. He made something of a hit as a Populist orator in the Fifty-third Congress, but on the expiration of his term settled in New York State, where he engaged in business under the protecting wing of ex-Congressman Haines of Kinderhook, the Democrat who fought the Wilson Tariff bill because collars and cuffs were not protected high enough to suit him. Mr. ence will remain in Washington some time as a looker on. To a newspaper reporter to-day he

"Haines and I made an agreement to devote ourselves entirely to business for five years. It is not always the easiest thing in the world to carry out an agreement such as Haines and I made, and now and then an occasion arises in which we have to draw the contract or each other. Some time ago Haines wanted to attend a county Convention, but I brought out the contract and he had to keep away. He stands ready to draw it on me at any suggestion on my part to mix up in political matters. This contract is a very clear-and binding one, and it was witnessed by our wives, who are determined to see that we do not forget it. If I had not gone out of politics I think I'd soon have trouble in keeping up my life insurance, for politics meant too little money and too much expense. I am now working for the Pence family. When a meeting was held to welcome Amos Cummings in New York city I at first thought I could not attend it, and it was the funniest political meeting I ever saw. In fact it was not political at ail, and that was the reason I could attend it without breaking my contract. There were old soldlers, Republicans, and almost everybody except Democrats there. It was simply an outbreak of evidence of Mr. Cummings's great popularity. All that was said at that meeting was about Amos Cummings, and you could not tell from the speeches whether Amos Cummings was a Democrat or a Republican." which we have to draw the contract on each

COL. FORNEY REPRIMANDED. Secretary Herbert Orders His Releas

from Arrest and Restoration to Duty. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19. Secretary Herbert has promulgated a general order reprimanding Col. Jas. Forney, U. S. Marine Corps, in accordance with the findings of the court martial which tried him on charges of irregularities alleged to have been committed while he was serving as commandant of the marines at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. Included in the order is a review by the Judge Advocate-General of the navy of the proceedings of the court, in which that body is criticised for the manner in which t conducted the case. He says that the court erred in admitting its Judge Advocate after the court was cleared for deliberation. This is char court was cleared for deliberation. This is characterized as a grave irregularity.

Concerning the acquittal of Col. Forney of the charge of embezzlement, the Judge Advocate General says that masmuch as unqualified approval by the department of the finding upon this specification and charges would be convalent to an assertion by it that officers of the Marine Corps may use Government coal for private purposes without violating law, regulation, or property, it is deemed most important that the department should qualify its approval by stating that the construction placed upon the clause of the Naval Appropriation act by counsel for Col. Forney, and apparently accepted by the court is not tenable. Col. Forney's counsel contended that he had a right to use fuel under this clause, which provides an appropriation "for heating barracks and quarters, for ranges and stoyes for cooking, heat for enlisted men, and for sale to officers." to officers."
Secretary Herbert's order concludes with the
announcement: "Col. James Forney, United
States Marine Corps, is released from arrest
and restored to duty."

\$10,000 for the Loss of a Foot.

A jury in the Supreme Court in Brookly: swarded Sarah Agnes Butcher, the three-year old daughter of Thomas H. Butcher, a building nepector. \$10,000 damages yesterday in her suit against the Atlantic Avenue Railroad Comthe child was knocked down by a trolley car in Fifth avenue, near Lincoln place, and her foot was so severely crushed that it had to be ampu-tated. Thomas E. Penrsall, her lawyer, proved to the satisfaction of the jury that the car was going at a speed of nine miles an hour, while the trolley ordinance limited the speed to six miles. pany for the loss of her left foot. On April 24

Birds Singing Canary, \$1.75, extra \$2.50; St. Andreasterg, \$5.00 den's new book on Birds, all about food, care, song by mail for 25 ets. stamps. Birds sent by express.

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ARMY AND NAVY ORDERS. Important Changes in the Stations and Buttes of Naval Officers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19 .- A number of in portant changes were ordered to-day in the stations and duties of naval officers. George C. Remey was ordered as President of the Naval Examining Board and as a member of the Retiring Board, and Commodore R. L. Phythian as President of the Retiring Board in addition to his present duties as Superintendent of the Naval Observatory; Capt. L. Kempft, assigned to the Examining and Retiring Boards; Capt. B. J. Cromwell to the Examining Board, and Medical Director P. S. Wales to the Re-tiring Board. All these assignments take place on the 25th inst., and both Boards will meet at the Washington Navy Yard. The orders prac-tically cause a reorganization of these bodies. Other orders issued to-day follow:

Other orders Issued to-day follow:

Naval Constructor W. S. Capps, detached from the Bureau of Construction and Repair, Dec. 21, and ordered to duty at the Union Iron Works, San Francisco, as superintending constructor of gunboats 1-dand 15.

Assistant Naval Constructor F. W. Hibbs detached from the New York Navy Yard and ordered to the cruiser New York.

Assistant Naval Constructor L. Barkson detached from the cruiser New York and ordered to the New York Navy Yard.

Navac Vonstructor F. L. Fernald ordered as superintending constructor of gunboats 11 and 12 at the lath Iron Works, Maine. Intending constructor of gunboats 11 and 12 at the Math. Ton Works, Maine.

Navai Constructor J. F. Hauscom ordered to duty as a member of the Board of Inspection and Survey in addition to his present dies.

Portsmouth N. H.; Navy Yard and ordered as superlutending constructor of gunboat 10 at the Cresent shipyard. Elizabeth, N. J.

Navai Constructor W. H. Varney, from duty as a member of the Board of Inspection and Survey and ordered as superintending constructor of gunboat 13 at the works of J. H. Dialogue & Son. Camden, N. J. Lieut, M. Johnston detached from the receiving ship Frankin and ordered to the Navai War College.

Ensign W. H. Hoggatt ordered to examination for fromotion. Ensign L. A. Bostwick ordered to the War College on the expiration of his leave Nov. 30.

These army orders have been issued: These army orders have been issued:
Leave for twenty-one days is granted Capt. George
K, liunier, Third Cavalry,
Leave for fifteen days is granted Col. Abraham K,
Arnold, First Cavalry.
Second Lieut, Henry T, Ferguson, Twenty-third Infantry, is appointed recruiting officer at Fort Meintosh, Texas, vice Second Lieut, Joseph E, Cusack,
Fifth Cavairy, relieved, to take effect about Dec, 3, is
granted to Second Lieut. Arthur M, Edwards, Third
Intantry,
Leave for ten days is granted Lieut.-Col. Henry E,
Noyes, Second Cavalry.

Naval News,

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.- The cruiser Boston which was placed in commission yesterday at Mare Island, Cal., will be sent to the China sta tion to relieve the gunboat Concord.

Capt. Allen B. Reed, U. S. N., has successfully passed an examination for promotion to the grade of Commodore. Secretary Herbert to-day issued the necessary orders for turning the monitor Ajax over to the State of New Jersey for the use of the Western Battalion of the Naval Reserve. The transfer will be made at the League Island Navy Yard on the 26th inst.

The Navy Department has ordered the battle ship Maine to proceed to Portland, where the citizens of that place will present a valuable silver service to the vessel.

SHE WAS HEIR TO A THRONE. The Hawaitan Government Is Likely to

Pension Kainlani, WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The probability that the Hawaiian Congress will pass a measure pensioning Princess Kaiulani is foreshadowed n unofficial advices which reach here to-day from Honolulu. The young Princess is the plece of the late King Kalakana. Her father is A. S. Cleghorn, a merchant of Honolulu. She has been educated in England, and on her way to that country visited Washington, where she made a very good impression as an amiable, well-mannered, and sensible girl.

When the Hawaiian National Congress assembled in special session in June last, the Government prepared a bill giving the Princess a pension of \$5,000 a year. This was to compensate her for the loss which she sustained in the establishment of the republic. Inasmuch as had she lived she would have succeeded to the throne upon the death of her aunt, Lilitokalani, the radical members of the Republican party fought the bill fersely and defeated it.

Since that time public sentiment has grown more favorable to the proposition, and it is not unlikely that the pension will be voted to her when Congress meets in February next. Princess Kaiulani is now in Italy, where she will doubtless remain permanently if the pension measure is defeated. to that country visited Washington, where she

New Minister to Switzerland. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-The President to-day appointed John L. Peak of Kansas City, Mo., as Minister to Switzerland, vice Broadhead, resigned, and Otto Munchmeyer of West Virginia as Consul at San Salvador, Salvador." John F. Peak is a lawyer and a man of means His appointment is due to the efforts of Representative Tarsney. It'ls understood that Mr Peak is a friend of Senator Cockrell and Senator Vest and ex-Gov. Francis. He has neve been an active politician, and it is believed that been an active politician, and it is believed that his appointment will be satisfactory to the Missouri delegation. Mr. Peak was born in Scott county, Ky. in 1839, and graduated from the law school at Louisville in 1860. He engaged in the practice of law and in the insurance and real estate business, acquiring the nucleus of a fortune early in life. He went to Missouri in 1868. In 1872 he formed a partnership with Caldwell Yeaman, late member of the State indictary of Colorado, which continued until 1870. In 1877 Mr. Peak was elected Prosecuting Attorney of Jackson county, retaining the office three terms. Upon his retirement from this the only political office he ever held, he engaged in the private practice of law. He is a leading member of the Baptist Church and a Sunday school worker of wide reputation.

The Battle Ship Indiana to Be in Commis

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-The magnificent new battle ship Indiana became the property of the United States Government to-day through her formal acceptance from the contractors, the Cramp Shipbuilding Company of Philadelphia The Indiana arrived at the League Island Navy The indiana arrived at the League Island Navy Yard this morning from the Cramp company's yard, and to-morrow she will be placed in commission and Capt. Robley D. Evans will assume command. It will be some time before the Indiana will be assigned to regular duty. She will soon proceed to Newport to get torpedoes, and a few short runs will be given her to shake down her machinery. Ten per cent of the contract price has been retained by the Government to cover the cost of any alterations or repairs for which the contractors may be responsible.

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OUR FISHES AND FISHERIES.

Eggs and Fry Oyster Beds Menhaden Fa tories-Catching Red Sanppers. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-There is a great deal

of interesting information in the report of the Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries, Mr. Marshall McDonald, which has recently been published. In the single year covered by it there were furnished for distribution by the various stations 12,063,000 eggs, 165,235,800 fry, and 1,486,117 adults and yearlings. There were also other supplies furnished, but lost in transit, among them being 3,857,000 shad fry and 1,100,000 pike perch fry.

The largest distribution, taking eggs and fry together, was of whitefish, 54,692,000, with shad next at 45,330,000, and then pike perch at 45,330,000, ccd at 22,187,500, quinnat salmon at 8,820,300, lobster at 8,818,000, and lake her-ring at 6,505,000. Various kinds of trout, salmon, and bass were prominent, and notable among the adults and yearlings were catfish, carp, tench, and 12,588 goldfish.

At the Wood's Hole laboratory studies of marine life were prosecuted. Dr. Kellogg, for example, studied the early habits of the common callop or pecten, and also wrote a paper on the morphology of lamellibranchiate mollusks: Prof. Herrick continued his researches into the life history of the lobster; Prof. Wilson observed the development of sponges, and Dr. Patten dwelt on the sense organs in the horseshoe crab. Indeed, many reports and papers were published. The steamers Plover, Canvasback, Blue Wing, Curlew, Cygnet, Shearwater, and Petrel were kept in good condition for the Fish Com-

Investigations of the fur seal fisheries, of the other fisheries in waters contiguous to Canada and the United States, and of oyster beds in Chesapeake Bay, at Galveston, and at Sea Isle City were made. Those of Prof. Ryder at the latter point were aided by an annual appropriation of \$5,000 a year by New Jersey for three years, and he hopes to develop in return an industry worth millions through his experiments in oyster culture. One of Prof. Riley's conclusions starts almost epigrammatically: "Oysters are like potatoes; they will stay just where you plant them. The only one of their stages that is loco-motive is the fry or swinning stage." Dr. Bashford Dean suggests that the degree of den-sity of the water is one of the most important factors influencing the spawning and fattening

sity of the water is one of the most important factors influencing the spawning and fattening of the oyster.

The studies of Prof. Libbey, in the Grampus, disclosed the return of the tilefish, which seemed to have been exterminated in 1882 between Cape May and Nantucket, and the influence of temperature both on the disappearance and the resuppearance was traced out.

In New York and New Jersey pound nets have come more into use, partly with the result of fewer seines, while many more gill nets are found, due to the development of the shad and sturgeon fisheries of the Hudson and the Delaware. There was noted a general increase of the fishing industries in these two States. It is stated that the catch of the following products, among others, has increased: Alewives, bluefish, butterfish, catfish, eels, flounders, mullet, sea bass, shad, squeteague, sturgeon, tomcod, lobsters, quahogs, and oysters. The following are taken in smaller quantities than formerly; Cod, mackerel, menhalen, scup, sheepshead, Spanish mackerel, striped bass, soft clams, crabs, and terrapin.

Spanish mackerel, striped bass, soft clams, crabs, and terrapin.

The mackerel, lobster, and clam fisheries of New England occupied much attention. The number of vessels in the mackerel feet. In 1892 was about 200, and the catch was reported to be about 40,000 barrels of fresh and 47,000 of sait mackerel, making a total value of about \$1,000,000. George's Bank continued to be the chief resort off the New England coast for the fleets from Gloucester, Boston, Provincetown, and other ports.

chief resort of the New England coast for the fleets from Gloucester, Boston, Provincetown, and other ports.

On the Pacific coast the fisheries form a most important industry. In 1892 they employed in the three States of California, Oregon, and Washington 14,045 persons, and properly and capital valued at \$5,392,064, with products of 123,116,858 pounds, valued at \$4,820,064. California shows 150,175 pounds of anchovies, 326,804 of barracuds, 246,332 of bonito, 65,662 of carp, and 374,622 of octopus and squid among its returns.

In some years menhaden are enormously abundant. Thus in 1890 four factories alone on the Maine coast, valued at \$21,000, and having a capital of \$95,000, utilized 302,700 barrels, equivalent to nearly 90,000,000 fish. From these were made 1,059,000 gallons of oil, with a market value of \$264,760, and 10,930 tons of wet scrap or "chum," valued at \$131,100. The fish were supplied by nine steamers, carrying about 200 men, and there were also 300 shore employees, to whom \$35,640 was paid in wages. The following year the catch fell off over 50 per cent.

Red snappers were very abundant on Cam-

The following year the catch fell off over 50 per cent.

Red snappers were very abundant on Campeche Bank, off Galveston, in 1893. Three smacks were employed, and steam vessels made trips to bring off their catch. This continued from early in the year to May 6, and included 321,056 pounds of red snappers, with other fish bringing the total of 367,805 pounds. The smacks were manned by from eight to twelve shermen each. The snappers generally weighed from three to twenty pounds, large ones being numerous. The fish were taken by hand lines, and as many as 20,000 pounds were caught in one day by the three smacks.

A full report, of course, is made on the propagation of fishes used for food.

SUPREME COURT CONDEMNED.

The Kuights of Labor Disagree with Its Decision in the Conspiracy Case. WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-The General Assemoly of the Knights of Labor this morning paid ts attention once more to the Supreme Court f the United States, the occasion this time being the decision handed down yesterday by Justice Brewer affirming the decision of Judge Ross of the Circuit Court in the conspiracy case gainst the American Railway Union at Los Angeles, Cal. Grand Master Workman Sov. reign introduced and the Assembly passed the following resolutions by unanimous vote:

Whereas, The Supreme Court of the United States has affirmed the decision of Judge Ross, who, in his decision, raised a misdemeanor to a felony and sentenced four local officers of the American Railway Union at Los Angeles, Cal., to prison for eighteen rooth and the sentence of the contraction of the contra Union at Los Angeles, Cal., to prison for eighteen months; and,

Whervas, The decision of the Supreme Court affirming the decision of Judge Ross places ail Jabor organizations in the roll of oriminal conspirators; and Whervas, Said decision provides that a greater penalty can be imposed for a conspiracy to commit a crine than is imposed by law for the crime itself; therefore, be it.

Reselved, That the General Assembly of the Knights of Labor most earneatly protest against such a travesty on justice and such an outrage on the liberties of the people, and condemn said court for its partial ruling in the Interest of plutocratic classes and its abridgment of the constitutional rights of laboring people.

people.

The amendment proposed to the constitution requiring trade local assemblies to attach to the trade district assemblies and detach from the mixed district assemblies caused a great deal of discussion, and, while it secured a majority vote, failed of the necessary two-thirds.

Report of the General Appraisers.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.-The annual report of the Board of General Appraisers of Customs devotes much space to undervaluations, and says that an advantage of 5 per cent. in price is sufficient to control the trade of an empire. Underrelations, however, the report says, are not so numerous as in former years. Among the questions upon which the Board desires legislation are the consular authentication of invoice, additional duties and penalties to be imposed for undervaluations, more stringent requirements as to statements of the cost of production of imported goods, and additional duties on unsual coverings.

New Corporations. ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 19.-The following com-

panies were incorporated to-day: Hutchinson, Pierce & Co. of New York city, to cor inue the business of manufacturing shirts, collars, and men's and boys' underwear now being conducted

and men's and boys' underwear now being conducted in New York city and Bridgeport, Conn. by Hutchinson, Pierce & Co., and in Norwalk, Conn., by Hutchinson, Cole & Co. Lapital.

Littchinson of Englewood, Schulberry & Pierce at New York city, and Ira Cole of Norwalk, Pierce at New York city and Ira Cole of Norwalk Conn. The Wilmore Andrews Publishing Company, to conduct a general publishing business in New 10rk city, Capital, 800,000. Directors—James A. Wilmore, X. Sandarder, S. Capital, 800,000. Directors—James A. Wilmore, X. Sandarder, S. Capital, 800,000. Directors—James A. Wilmore, X. Sandarder, S. Capital, S. Capital, 800,000. Directors—James A. Wilmore, X. Sandarder, S. Capital, S. Ca

MR. FITCH SAYS THINGS.

MAKES A MEETING OF THE BOARD OF ESTIMATE LIVELY.

Civil Service Reform Recommended to the President of the Chamber of Commerce— Asphalt for Clubs, but Not for Cyclists. At the meeting of the Board of Estimate yes terday the Comptroller reported favorably on \$9,252,37 of the \$14,772 for expenses and disbursements asked for by the Rapid Transit

Railroad Commission.
"There are several items in dispute," said he, "but I will vote for the payment of \$9,-252.27 for the engineer's department. In doing so I want to point out that this department is not governed by civil service rules. Mr. Parsons, the Chief Engineer, was appointed by the Commission without passing an examination and he in turn has appointed all his subordi nates without examination. Now I, when want an engineer, have to go to the Civil Ser vice Board to get one. I think the rule should be applied to all or to none. And (with a smile) it might not be untimely to call attention to the fact that Mr. Alexander E. Orr is President of the Commission, and at the same time Chair-man of the Civil Service Board of Brooklyn. He is for civil service reform in Brooklyn, but not in this city. I hope (looking around at other members of the Board) that before any other money is given to the Commisson all the nen employed by it will be under civil service

Not a nurmur in reply came from any of the reform members of the Board.

President Jeroloman of the Board of Aldermen wanted to know what had become of the resolution to pave Hudson street with asphalt, E. J. Tinsdale, in behalf of the Cyclists' Federation, asked that at least the west side of the street be asphalted for the benefit of wheelmen.

the street be asphalted for the benefit of wheelmen.

Mayor Strong said that while a bleycle nath down town might be desirable, yet there were other things that came first.

Commissioner Brookfield Interrupted and said that there was but \$145,000 left unappropriated out of the \$1,000,000 to be devoted to paving this year.

"That settles it then," said the Mayor. "I want all the streets around all the schools and hospitals asphalted first. Then if there is anything left we can think about the bicycle path."

"I, too," said Comptroller Fitch, "favor paving around schoolhouses with asphalt, and was of the opinion that such streets should have had preference over those alongside clubs in and around Fifth avenue. One schoolhouse might have been provided with asphalt paving in place of the Century Club."

"The work about schoolhouses has been much delayed, I admit," said Mr. Brookfield, "but the principal reason for the delay is the trouble I have had to get the contractors' bonds approved."

"And when it is the matter of a bond to keep

have had to get the contractors' bonds approved."

"And when it is the matter of a bond to keep a pavement in repair for fifteen years," retorted the Comptroller, "there may be delay again. I shall always take time to investigate such bonds carefully."

A resolution was passed authorizing the issue of \$47,500 bonds for the purchase of twelve lots on 139th street and Convent avenue for part of the new site for the City College. Col. Waring wanted \$53,950 for new stock for his department. Referred to the Comptroller. The sum of \$3,414 was appropriated to pay T. P. Galligan & Son for removing the débris in the search for bodies in the ruins of the Ireland building.

search for bodies in the runs of the Methodilding.

The plans for the new east wing of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, to cost \$200,000, were referred to the Comptroller.

The last of the famous \$1,000,000 Park Department special appropriation of 1893, \$2,551.46, was appropriated for the repair of asphalt; walks on upper Fifth avenue. A transfer of \$1,300 was made to give Acting Chief Conlin a private secretary.

RUNNING FOR DIFFERENT OFFICES. So the Bogus Collector Told Saloon Keeper

Ex-Policeman Hugh Prendergast of Jersey

city, who is accused of having obtained money under false pretences, was examined in Justice Potts's court yesterday morning. Prendergast is charged with having demanded political contributions from saloon keepers in the recent campaign for the use of the Police Department. It was after he had been dismissed from the deartment that he began the alleged collecting. Paul Schumar, who keeps a saloon at 38 Green treet, was called as the first witness. He is a very phiegmatic German and almost went to sleep in the witness chair while giving his testimony. He said that two men entered his sate loop one night just before the election. One called for a glass of sherry and the other for a glass of beer. While the drinks were standing on the bar one of the men called the witness to one side and asked him for a contribution, saying that he was a candidate for office.

"Task him," continued Schumar, "for what office he run and he say 'different offices."

This aroused Schumar's suspicions. He poured the sherry back into the bottle and drank the beer himself. The witness thought two men called on him on Monday and offered to return any money he had paid out. He pointed out John Oliver, chief detective of the Lenigh Valley Raliroad, as Prendergast.

Lizzie Butts, danghter of a saloon keeper at 142 Morris street, testified that Prendergast and another man called at her father's place and asked for money for election purposes, Her father gave them \$1. The Justice reserved decision. sleep in the witness chair while giving his tes-

IS THE POSTER IMPROPERT agents of a Champagne House Arrested

for Displaying It. Alfred Weissthaner and Soloman Frieder of 07 Hudson street, the agents of a champagne house, were arrested by Court Officer Edward O'Connor of the Centre street court squad yesterday on a warrant charging them with causing to be displayed on the fences a picture which the agents of the Society for the Suppression of Vice declare to be improper.

It represents a nude woman issuing from a fizzing champagne bottle.

Magistrate Kudlich held both men in \$500 ball each for examination.

McAuliffe's Ball Bond Forfeited.

ball each for examination

The failure of Jack McAuliffe, the pugilist, t appear in the Lee Avenue Police Court, Wil Hamsburgh, on Monday, and pay a fine of \$2. imposed Saturday for an assault on John Guilfoyle caused Justice Goetting yesterday t change his sentence to a fine of \$30 or imprison ment to jail for twenty-five days. The Couralso forfeited the pugllist's ball bond of \$500 which ex-Supervisor Lawrence F. Carroll fur-

which ex-supervisor Lawrence F. Carroll furnished.

McAuliffe was in court with his attorney, Luke O'Reilly, Jr. The latter tried to excuse the puglist's failure to appear on time on Monday by stating that McAuliffe was in a trolley car blockade. Justice Goetting said he didn't believe McAuliffe's statement, and, furthermore, that he had been informed that the puglist was drunk in the street at the time when he should have been in court.

Lawyer Langerman on Trial for Assaulting

Walter L. D. Langerman, the lawyer accused by Barbara Aub of criminal assault, was put on trial before Recorder Goff in the General Sessions yesterday. The complaint alleges that the assault occurred on May 7, when she was sent to his apartments, at 110 West Sixty-second street, with a letter of introduction from a Mrs. Rosell of 263 West Thirty-ninth street. She says sale was looking for employment as a servant. The Supreme Court refused Langerman an order to have Miss Aub's person examined. The trial will continue to-day.

Progress on Elm Street Widening.

A good deal of work has been accomplished on the Elm street widening. The twelve blocks have been completed, and the work on the seven other blocks has progressed so far that the surveys will be finished in three weeks. There are 154 parcels of land to be acquired, and Special Counsel Albert B. Boardman is now at work on the titles.

The greatest change of grade will be between Franklin and Leonard streets, the rise at Worth street being six feet. It has been decided to leave the hollow at Fearl street rather than spend \$750,000 to raise it twelve feet. The total cost of the improvement will be about \$4,000,000.

Bryan of Ticonderoga Torns Up All Right. On Monday the Jersey City police were re-quested to look for Samuel E. Bryan of Ticonderoga, N. Y., who left home last week to visit Daniel Black of 102 Whiton street, Jersey City. He did not reach Mr. Black's house, and as he had a large sum of money with him when he left home his relatives became alarmed. Yesterday morning Mr. Black appeared at Police Headquarters and reported that Mr. Bryan was all right. As an evidence of it he had Mr. Bryan with him. Mr. Bryan looked weary and said he had been in this city, but he did not care to give any details of his experience.

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BURIAL OF GEN. KEYES.

Mass at St. Agnes's Church and Interment at West Point with Military Ceremony, The funeral of Major-Gen, Erasmus Darwin

Keyes, who died at Nice on Oct. 14, was held in St. Agnes's Church in East Forty-third street yesterday morning. The remains, in charge of Capt. Louis Bighetti of the Seventy-second Infantry, Army of France, arrived by the French liner La Champagne on Monday. The church, the galleries and pillars of which were hung with crape, was filled with the friends of the dead soldler. The coffin, draped with an American flag, and having on its lid a laurel wreath, rested under a catafalque at the foot of the altar. The mass of requiem was celebrated by the Rev. Henry A. Brann, with the Rev. Thomas J. Donlin as Deacon, the Rev. David A. Murray Sub-Deacon, and the Rev. J. D. Lennon Master of Ceremonies. "The Crucifix," by Faure, was sung by Miss Hilko and Miss Clary, Mr. William A. Brice playing the organ. After the service the remains were taken to West Point, where a military burial was given to them. The services at the Point were in charge of Major-Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, commander of the Department of the East. The cadet post was

Gen. Thomas H. Ruger, commander of the Department of the East. The cadet post was turned out, and a guard of honor befitting the General's rank followed the coffin.

The honorary pall bearers, taken from Gen. Keyes's staff Juring the war, were: Col. C. C. Suydam, Chief of Staff; B. C. Chatwood, inspector-General; S. S. Mulford, Medical Director, and Major G. Irving Whitehead. Among detail from the New York Commandery of the Military Order of the Loyal Legion:

Gen. Martin T. McMahon, Gen. Horatio C. King, Gen. Daniel Butterfield, Gen. Alexander S. Shaler, Gen. Ribley, Gen. William B. Franklin, Col. Brayton S. Ives, and Col. F. C. Church, Gen. Keyes was born in Brimfield, Mass., May 29, 1810. He removed to Kennebec county, where he was graduated with the class of 1832. He was assigned to the Third Artillery, served in Charleston harbor during the buildination troubles, and from 1837 to 1841 was aide to Gen. Scott. He was commissioned a Captain Nov. 30, 1841, and from 1844 to 1848 he was an instructor at West Point.

At the breaking out of the war Capt. Keyes was military secretary to Gen. Scott. On May 14, 1861, he was made Colonel of the Eleventh Infantry, and on May 17 he was made Brigander-General of Volunteers. He served in the defences of Washington. In the first battle of Bull Run, and in the Peninsula campaign, commanding the Fourth Corps of the Army of the Potomac, He was made Major-General of Volunteers May 5, 1862, and May 31 he was brevetted Brigadier-General in the regular army for gallant and meritorious conduct at the battle of Fair Oaks. From 1803 to 1864 he served on the Board for Retiring Disabled Officers. On May 0, 1864, he resigned and went to live in California.

retired.

The widow of Gen. Keves was Mrs. George
Bissell of New York. The children by the
second marriage are: Alexander D. Keyes, a
lawyer living in San Francisco: Henry E.
Keyes, an instructor in Columbia College: Mrs.
Geraldine Penneoschorska, wife of the Chamberlain to the Emperor of Austria, and Francis
C. Keyes, a student in Columbia Law School.

MISS CLARA CAMPBELL DEAD.

She Was the "Bunnie" to Charles Are buckle's "Baby Bunting."

IRONTON, O., Nov. 19.—Miss Clara Campbell, conspicuous as "Bunnie" in the famous Arbuckle breach-of-promise case, died at 1 o'clock this morning at the Hanging Rock Santtarium. An operation was performed on her for a tumor last week, and she had been sinking gradually since Sunday evening. Miss Camp-

bell was 45 years old. Early in January, 1888, Miss Campbell sued Charles Arbuckle of Brooklyn, a wealthy coffee merchant, for breach of promise. Her claim was for \$250,000 damages. The case attracted widespread attention. Miss Campbell alleged that she met Arbuckle in 1882, and that after a very short acquaintance they became engaged. Soon after her father's failure, she said. Arbuckle grew, cold toward her, and finally broke off the engagement. Arbucklee, in his own behalf, alleged that Miss Campbell was not a proper wife for him. He also swore that he was not entirely accountable for his actions at the time of the alleged engagement, on account of sickness and the effects of the medicine, which contained quinine and whiskey. During the suit the Supreme Court Chambers were thronged daily with a curious crowd, and much amusement was caused by the reading of the numerous letters which had passed between Arbuckle and Miss Campbell. She signed herself "Bunnie," and he "Baby Bunting." and he invariably ended his letters by sending many H's and K's, which, he afterward explained, meant hugs and kleses.

On Jan. 10 the jury rendered a verdict for daim was for \$250,000 damages. The case Alsses.

On Jan. 10 the jury rendered a verdict for \$45,000 in favor of Miss Campbell. The case was appealed and the judgment confirmed before Arbuckle's death, which occurred Nov. 27, 1891.

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Abused His Dying Wife. Peter Johnson, a bird trainer of 242 Grand street, Williamsburgh, was sentenced to jail for twenty-nine days in the Lee Avenue Police Court last Friday for drunkenness, after having abused his wife the previous night, when she was dying of pneumonia. The womanidled yes-terday afternoon, and Coroner Creamer was terday afternoon, and Coroner Creamer was requested last evening to make an investigation. Johnston, it is said, treated his wife with great crueity, and two weeks ago, while she lay ill with pneumonia, dragged her out of bed. Last Thursday night, when she was believed to be at the point of death, he abused her, and, according to his employer's wife, he told her to hurry and die. He was induced to leave the room, and went on a spree. He was arrested, and when he was arraigned in court the next morning he acted indifferently. Upon being sentenced he smiled and expressed his intention of having revenge upon his wife when he was released from jail.

Tramps Raided the Express Car.

The officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad and of the Adams Express Company, who have, with the aid of detectives, investigated the robbery of an express car near Morrisville, l'a., last Friday night, have concluded that the rob bery was the work of trains who were stealing a ride on the train. Several packages were broken open, but after a careful investigation the only things discovered to be missing were abox of cigars, a necktle, and a piece of lace. These are exclusive of the system with which the tramps regaled themselves. The value of the missing articles will not exceed \$10.

CARPETS. Wool and wages went up, but Cow-perthw.it's Heliable Carpets are sold at the old low prices. 104 West 14th 28.